# 2018 CERTIFICATION 2019 JUN 28 AM 9: 13

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Public Water System Name 490006

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication	n, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement	t)
	☐ ☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	•
	☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)	
	□ □ Other	
	Date(s) customers were informed:/ /2019 / /2019	/ /2019
	Date Mailed/Distributed://	
	CCR was distributed by Email ( <i>Email MSDH a copy</i> )  Date Emailed:	/ /2019
	□ As a URL	(Provide Direct URL)
	☐ As an attachment	
	☐ As text within the body of the email message	
X	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof	f of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: Tate Recove	of promeutony
	Date Published: 4/25/2019	
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)  Date Pos	ted:/ / 2019
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CER	RTIFICATION	
and confidence of He	ereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system is over and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the informal correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply	n the form and manner identified ation included in this CCR is true the Mississippi State Department
Der	erry Hankins, president	
Name	me/Pitte (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)	Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

\*\*Not a preferred method due to poor clarity\*\*

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

#### 2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Strayhorn Water Association PWS#: 690006 June 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta and

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Strayhorn Water Association have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jimmy Frazier at 662.288.6770. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the fourth Monday of the month at 7:00 PM at the Strayhorn Water Office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000

Cartania			T	EST RESULT	S			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2016*	.0331	.03120331	DDD	-		
14. Copper	N	2015/17*			ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
			.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	preservatives  Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2018	.36	No Range		ppm		10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosior of natural deposits
Disinfectio	_		ts						4
81. HAA5	N	2016*	10	No Range	ppb		0	60	By-Product of drinking water
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2016*	38.9	No Range	ppb		0	80	disinfection.  By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine  Most recent samp	N	2018	1.3	.9 -2	mg/l		0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

Most recent sample. No sample required for 2018.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Strayhorn Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

# Tate Record

Senatobia, Mississippi

# PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,

Tate Counter

Senatobia. Ward Chapter # on the first Thursday at 7:30 Ebenezer Lodge #76 F&A

## Monthly Meetings

Jimmy at 292-1777 or Caro p.m. at the community cent Center is every second Thi The monthly meeting of

#### Looxahoma

is invited to attend. of the Senatobia Public Libr Tuesday of every month at 6 The Tate County Republic

## Kepublican Party

Tasha Smith at 901-485-837

St., has Sunday School classes for youth to adult at 10 on the second Thursday at Senatobia Presbyterian Church, located at 431 W. Main

# Sunday school

pastor is Bro. Brady Daniel ... holds Sunday School at 9:45 a.m., worship at 11 a.m. The Bethel Baptist Church, 2206 Bethel Road, Coldwater,

# Worship Service

Wednesday at 6:30 p.m. The pastor is Bro. Kevin Doyle. by worship service at 11 a.m. Prayer meeting is every Senatobia, holds Sunday School at 10:30 a.m. followed Crossbridge Christian Church, 1296 W. Main St.,

### Crossbridge

of Evangelist Greg Wright. Tuesday and Friday night at 7 p.m. under the leadership Senatobia, holds worship and training services every Store House of Glory, 16931 Mississippi 4 East,

Storehouse

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